

EVENTO DE NETWORKING

## HEALTHCARE & PHOTONICS

TECNOLOGIAS FOTÓNICAS APLICADAS AL SECTOR HEALTHCARE

**26 MARZO/14**

09.45h-17.00h  
**Parc Audiovisual  
de Catalunya**  
Carretera BV-1274,  
Km.1, 08225 Terrassa  
(Barcelona)



**INSTITUT  
PERE MATA**  
Àrea de Recerca



**ICIQ**



**IISPV**  
INSTITUT  
D'INVESTIGACIÓ  
SANITÀRIA  
PERE VIRGILI

**Desarrollo de nanoesferas con  
propiedades ópticas y su  
aplicación en la detección de  
marcadores biológicos en  
enfermedades mentales**

## Reto

Enfermedades mentales graves, crónicas,  
neurodegenerativas como:

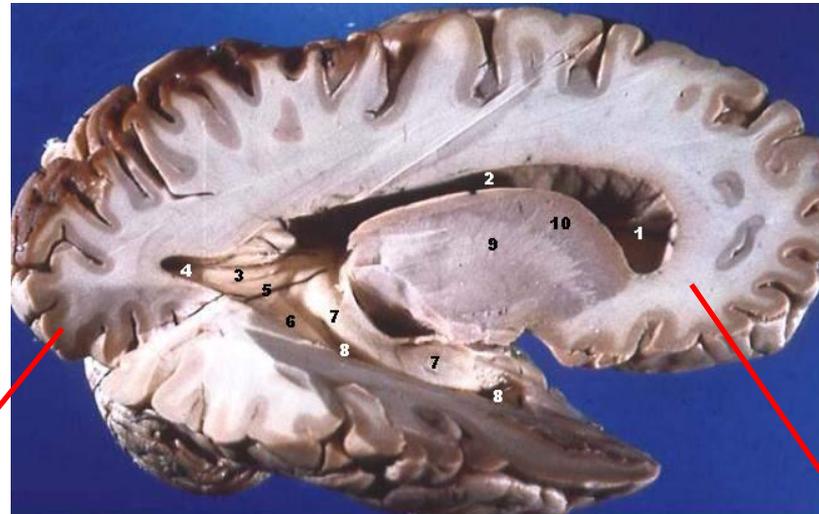
**esclerosis múltiple (1/1000)**

**esquizofrenia (1/100)**

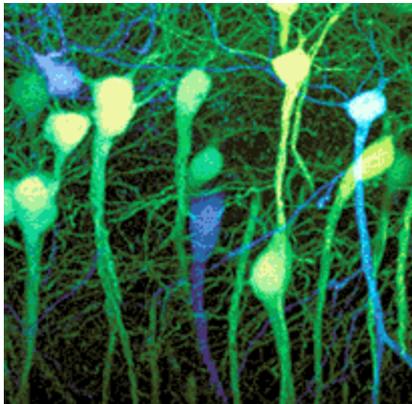
**el trastorno bipolar (2/100)**

son causadas en parte por una disfunción de la  
mielina o sustancia blanca del cerebro.

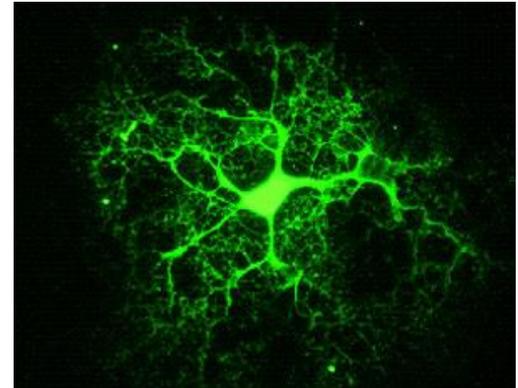
# Reto



SUSTANCIA GRIS  
Cuerpo neuronas



SUSTANCIA BLANCA O  
MIELINA  
axones+oligodendrocitos

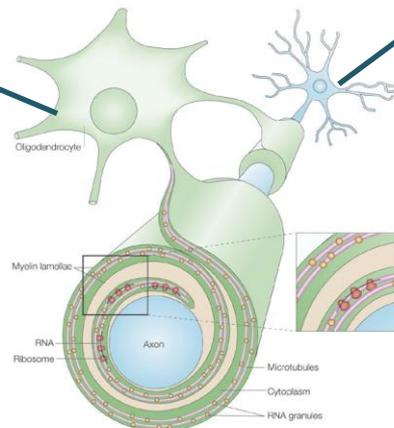


## Reto



neurona

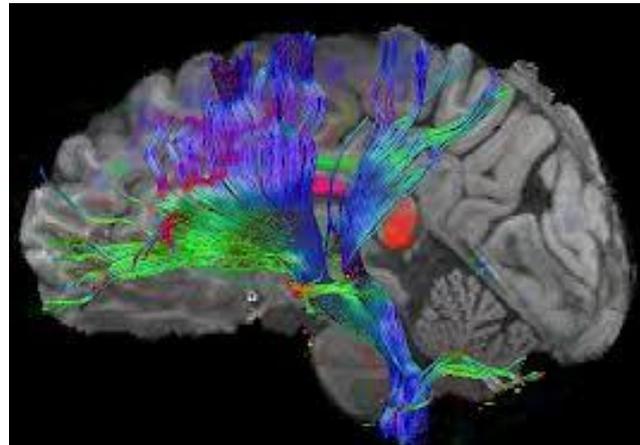
oligodendrocito



## Reto

**Detectar defectos en la mielina y poderlos reparar**

**¿Como analizar *in vivo* marcadores biológicos de mielina?**



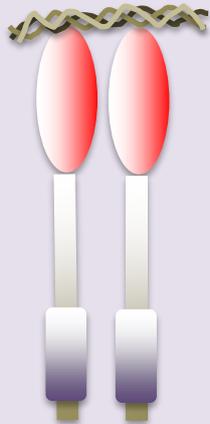
## Idea

**Quantum dots (QDs) nanocristales semiconductores con propiedades ópticas y eléctricas**

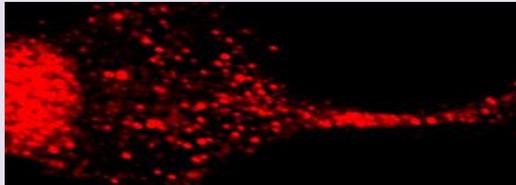


## Desarrollo de la idea

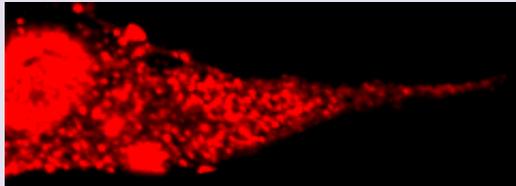
# Biomarcador de mielina: **DDR1**



DDR1



MBP



Oligodendrocitos humanos (HOG16)

Neuroscience 140 (2006) 463–475

### EXPRESSION OF DISCOIDIN DOMAIN RECEPTOR 1 DURING MOUSE BRAIN DEVELOPMENT FOLLOWS THE PROGRESS OF MYELINATION

N. FRANCO-PONS,<sup>a,b</sup> C. VIRGOS,<sup>b</sup> W. F. VOGEL,<sup>c</sup>  
J. M. UREÑA,<sup>d</sup> E. SORIANO,<sup>d</sup> J. A. DEL RIO<sup>d</sup>  
AND E. VILELLA<sup>a,b,\*</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Unitat de Psiquiatria i Psicologia Mèdica, Facultat de Medicina i Ciències de la Salut, Universitat Rovira i Virgili, C/Sant Llorenç 21, 43201, Reus, Spain

<sup>b</sup>Departament de Formació i Investigació, Hospital Psiquiàtric Universitari Institut Pere Mata, Ctra. de l'Institut Pere Mata s/n, 43206 Reus, Spain

<sup>c</sup>Department of Laboratory Medicine and Pathobiology, University of Toronto, 1 King's College Circle, Medical Sciences Building, Room 7334, Ontario, Canada M5S 1A8

<sup>d</sup>Neurobiologia del desenvolupament i regeneració, Departament de Biologia Cel·lular i Parc Científic de Barcelona, Universitat de Barcelona, C/Joan Samitier 1-5, 08028, Barcelona, Spain

sheath. © 2006 IBRO. Published by Elsevier Ltd. All rights reserved.

**Key words:** carnosine, discoidin domain, myelin, oligodendrocytes.

Tyrosine kinase receptors (RTKs) are important mediators of intracellular signal transduction pathways that govern growth, differentiation and developmental signals (Blume-Jensen and Hunter, 2001). Discoidin domain receptors, DDR1 and DDR2, are a novel subfamily of RTKs. In their extracellular region both contain a discoidin domain, a homology region that was first described in the lectin discoidin I from the slide mold *Dictyostelium discoideum* (Springer et al., 1984). Other proteins that contain the

BRAIN RESEARCH 1336 (2010) 22–29



ELSEVIER

available at [www.sciencedirect.com](http://www.sciencedirect.com)

ScienceDirect

[www.elsevier.com/locate/brainres](http://www.elsevier.com/locate/brainres)

BRAIN  
RESEARCH

Research Report

### Expression of the tyrosine kinase discoidin domain receptor 1 (DDR1) in human central nervous system myelin

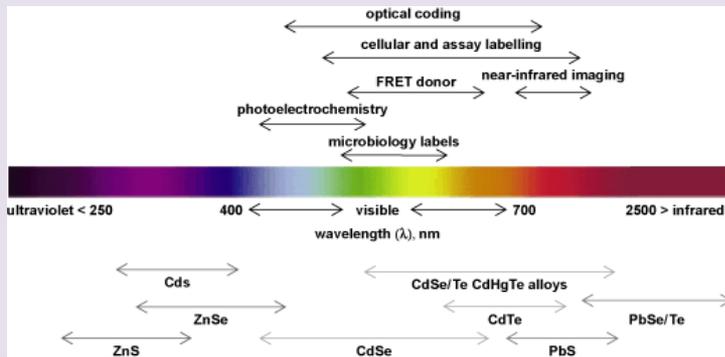
Bàrbara Roig<sup>a</sup>, Neus Franco-Pons<sup>a</sup>, Lourdes Martorell<sup>a</sup>, Jordi Tomàs<sup>a</sup>,  
Wolfgang F. Vogel<sup>b,†</sup>, Elisabet Vilella<sup>a,\*</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Hospital Psiquiàtric Universitari Institut Pere Mata, IISPV, Universitat Rovira i Virgili, C/Sant Llorenç 21, 43201 Reus, Spain

<sup>b</sup>Department of Laboratory Medicine and Pathobiology, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ontario, Canada M5S 1A8

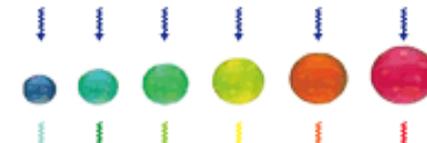
# Desarrollo de la idea

QDs: Espectro de emisión estrecho y sintonizable dependiente de tamaño



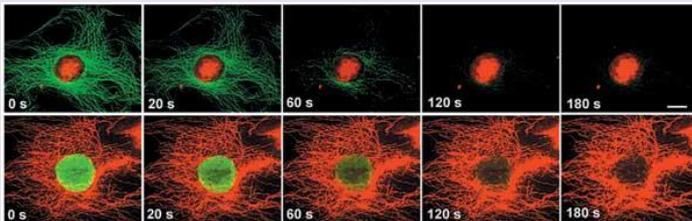
QDs: Una sola fuente de excitación lumínica para QDs de diferentes colores

Simultaneous excitation at 365 nm



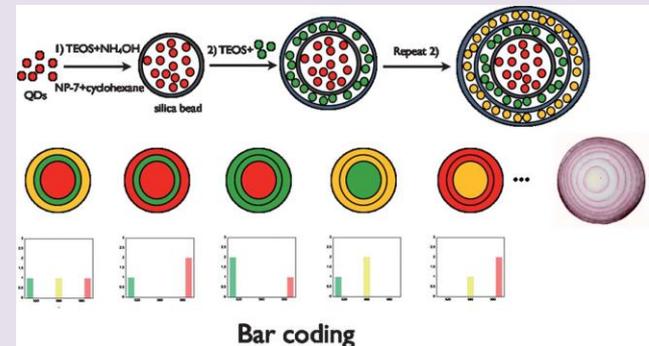
Size-dependent emission

QDs: Más brillo (20x) y fotoestabilidad (100x) que los colorantes orgánicos convencionales



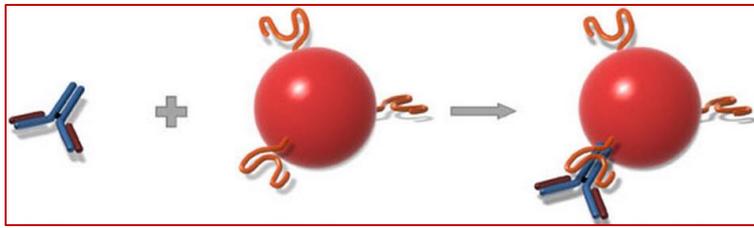
Nat. Rev. Neurosci. 2003, 4, 163; Int. J. Mol. Sci. 2009, 10, 441

QDs: permiten multiplexar la detección (código de barras o método *cocktail*)

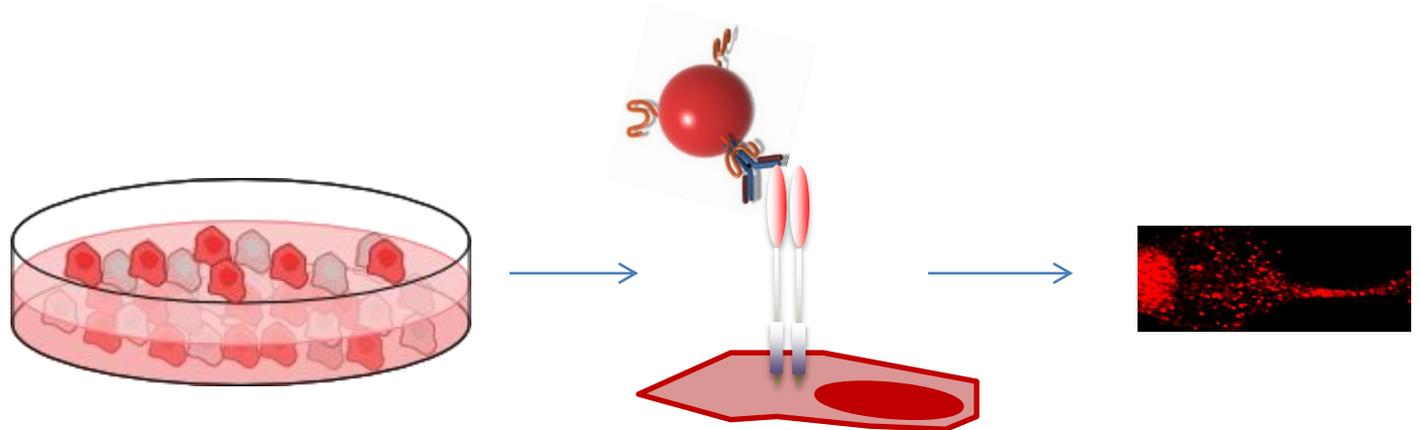
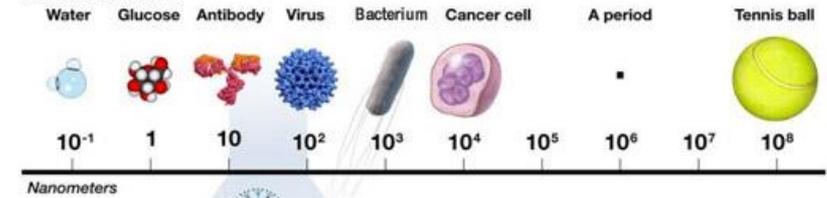


Chem. Comm. 2011, 47, 7071; J. Mater. Chem. 2011, 21, 17673

# Metodologia



How Small Is Small?



## Resultados preliminares

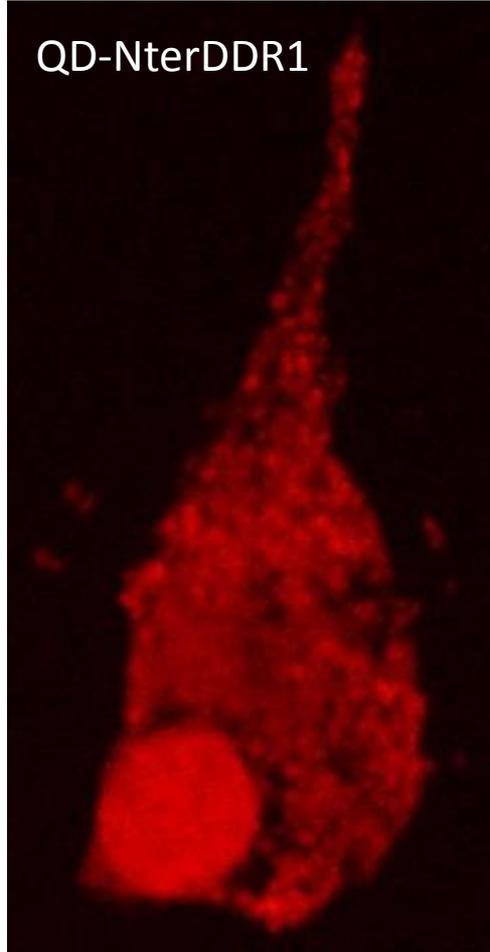
### QD-Si-APS-N-terminal\_21-54aaDDR1

Clutivo de oligodendrocitos humanos (HOG16)

DAPI



QD-NterDDR1



## Dónde estamos





## Grup de genètica i ambient en les psicosis

*Elisabet Vilella*

Hospital Universitari Institut Pere Mata  
Reus, Tarragona



## Laboratory for nanoelectronics

*Emilio Palomares*

Institute Català d'investigació Química (ICIQ)  
Tarragona

